“Civic education opportunities in school have been shown to increase the likelihood that a young person will vote...”

Since 2014 the number of voting adults Gen Xers, Millennials and Post-Millennials has increased by 18M due to the addition of Adult Post-Millennials*.

Circle estimates that participation by young people (Ages 18-29) increased 10% in the 2018 midterm election over the last midterm in 2014.

As of April 2018, 59% of adults who are eligible to vote are Gen Xers, Millennials or Post-Millennials*. Said they were “extremely likely” to vote.

“What works in getting youth to vote:

1. Registration
2. Personal and interactive contact

...These opportunities range from social studies classes to simulations of democratic processes and discussion of current issues...

...Unfortunately, many youth do not have these civic education opportunities, as research has shown that those in more white and/or more affluent schools are more likely to have these opportunities.