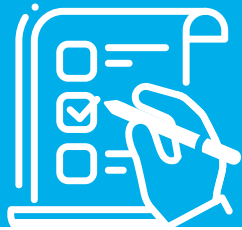




YOUTH PARTICIPATION IN ELECTIONS

This information has been collected from The Center for Information & Research on Civic Learning and Engagement.



“Civic education opportunities in school have been shown to increase the likelihood that a young person will vote...”

AGES 18-29, MAKE UP

21%

THE VOTING POPULATION IN THE U.S.



SINCE 2014 THE NUMBER OF VOTING ADULTS INCREASED BY

18M

GEN XERS, MILLENNIALS AND POST-MILLENNIALS HAS



DUE TO THE ADDITION OF **15M** ADULT POST-MILLENNIALS*



*PEW RESEARCH CENTER

46M



YOUTH

ARE ELIGIBLE TO VOTE

39M

SENIORS



CIRCLE ESTIMATES THAT PARTICIPATION BY YOUNG PEOPLE (AGES 18-29) INCREASED

10%

IN THE 2018 MIDTERM ELECTION OVER THE LAST MIDTERM IN 2014



“...These opportunities range from social studies classes to simulations of democratic processes and discussion of current issues...”



AS OF APRIL 2018

59%

OF ADULTS WHO ARE ELIGIBLE TO VOTE ARE GEN XERS, MILLENNIALS OR POST-MILLENNIALS*

*PEW RESEARCH CENTER



CIRCLE'S POLL FOUND THAT

34%

SAID THEY WERE “EXTREMELY LIKELY” TO VOTE.

WHAT WORKS IN GETTING YOUTH TO

VOTE

1



REGISTRATION

2



PERSONAL AND INTERACTIVE CONTACT

“...Unfortunately, many youth do not have these civic education opportunities, as research has shown that those in more white and/or more affluent schools are more likely to have these opportunities.”